

THE CHAMPION CHRONICLE

VOLUME 14

CHAMPION, (Alberta) THURSDAY, Feb. 16, 1933

NUMBER 38

COLONIAL CLUB Shaving Cream

For the Perfect Shave

Be satisfied - Use Colonial Club
Colonial Club shavers never change

The Champion Pharmacy

Phone 9
Druggists & Chemists

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HOTEL YORK

EVERYTHING NEWEST—Rates: \$2.00 and \$3.00
Coffee Shop — Best Food — Lowest Prices
ALSO OPERATING—

HOTEL ST. REGIS

RATES: \$1.00 and \$1.50 Weekly and Monthly Rates

Sam Fong Cafe

FRIGIDAIRE ICE CREAM AND FRUIT
CIGARS CIGARETTES TOBACCOES
SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
ROOMS

Best Meals in Town Bread For Sale

Your Attention for Spring Requirements

FOR THE HARNESS

Neatsfoot Oil, per gal..... \$1.50

Black Harness Oil, per gal..... \$1.25

FOR THE TRACTOR

Champion Spark Plugs, each..... 75c

Tractor Oil, genuine Dutch Shell,
any quantity, per gal..... 95c

We carry a complete stock of singletrees, doubletrees,
Cylinders, Sweet Pads, etc.

Farmer's Hardware

RES. PHONE 12 STORE PHONE 28



Champion Lodge
A. F. & A. M.
G. R. A.

Meets second Thursday in each month. Visiting brethren welcome.

J. A. LONG
W. M.

G. L. DEPUIS
Secretary

DR. H. P. BARKER

Dental Surgeon

Graduate of Northwestern
Dental University Chicago

Savoy Hotel Champion

Every Thursday

Phone Hotel for Appointment

If you want Value
for your Money

Buy Therriault
COAL

More Heat per ton
Less Ash

\$3.00 per ton at mine

Phone 407

ERNEST RHODES, Operator

DR. H. NEWTON HEAL

DENTAL SURGEON

In Champion Thursday

Fridays and Saturdays.

Champion Dramatic Society

Presents

"The Nut Farm"

A Comedy in Three Acts
By JOHN C. BROWNELL
CHARACTERS

MRS. BARTON Miss M. Cameron
WILLIE BARTON B. F. Cool
ROBERT BENT J. D. Henderson
EERA BISCUMS M. F. Hamilton
HELEN BENT Miss M. Cook
ASATIA BISCUMS Miss M. Path
HAMILTON T. HOLLAND G. M. Campbell
J. CLARENCE BIDEFORD Don Campbell
HAROLD VAN HORTON Edwin Fisher
HELEN Miss A. Williamson

SYNOPSIS OF SCENES

Act I. Living room in the Bent Home. Late afternoon.

"The Flower"

Act II. The same. Three hours later.

"The Sowing"

(Note: The Curtains will be lowered for a few seconds in Act II to denote the passing of two hours.)

Act III. The same. One month later.

"The Harvest"

TIME: The Present. PLACE: Southern California.
(Produced by special arrangement with Samuel French, of New York.)

There'll Be a Hot Time In the Old Town, March 3

"The Nut Farm," the recent Chicago and New York comedy hit, presented by the Champion Dramatic Society, March 3rd, is the story of the Bartons and the Bents, a movie promoter, a secretary, a film hero and a neighbor and his young daughter.

The Bartons—Mr. Willie and Helen—have come with Helen's husband, Robert Bent, from Newark, N. J., to California. Robert has sold his business in the East for thirty thousand dollars and is expecting to buy a nut farm in California, settle down and find a peace and contentment that Newark had never brought him. He reckons without Hollywood, however.

Willie has a yen to be a director of film comedies, while Helen, the charming young wife of Robert, meets and falls victim to the flattery of a certain promoter, Hamilton T. Holland. Holland's graft is the flattery of silly young wives into believing they are important screen stars—in cases, of course, where a coveting husband has sufficient cash to make him worth flattery. Helen finally persuades her Robert to postpone the buying of the nut farm and invest the money in a film starring her, cousin, according to Mr. Holland, that the money will be more than tripled. Willie knows that the money will be crippled, no tripled, and uses every effort to dissuade Robert from investing with the city Holland. But Willie wins. Willie does manage to get the directing assignment.

What happens to the money, the fearful headache that follows the showing of the film, the penitence of Helen and her mother, who had backed her aspirations, and the final surprising climax put upon the entire plot by the irrepressible Willie, give to the comedy a steady sweep of hilarity, interest and climax that have combined into making it one of the biggest hits of the current theatre year.

Members of the local company will all be brilliantly present, with Willie played by B. F. Cool, Helen and Robert by Miss M. Cook and J. D. Henderson, Willie's sweetheart by Miss M. Path, and Ma Barton by Miss M. Cameron.

It's Going to be a Wonderful Play Folks. Be there.

Petition Presented

The regular monthly meeting of the Champion School board was held on Tuesday evening, February 14, in H. Cooper's office. After conducting their usual routine of business, they were confronted with a delegation, consisting of Messrs Caldwell, Warren, Collins and Farmer, presenting a petition favoring the teaching of Grade XII in the Champion High School next year. After listening to the various arguments in favor of this project, the school board promised to give the matter their consideration at an early date.

Mr. McCartney of Vulcan took charge of the Sunday evening service here, while Rev. Dawson filled the vacancy at Carmanagay caused by Rev. Findlay's illness.

K. R. McLean, R.O. of McLean & Anderson, Sight Specialist of 224-8th Ave West, Calgary, will make his monthly visit to Champion, Friday, Feb. 24th at the Drug Store.

Champion United Church

Rev. Peter Dawson, Minister

Sunday, February 19th

Bussan Morning Worship, 11:30 a.m.

Yatwood Divine Service, 1:30 p.m.

Champion Sunday School, 11:00 a.m.

Champion Evening Worship at 7:30 p.m. Subject: "The Sacred Writings."

HERBERT J. MASER

SOLICITOR, BARRISTER, NOTARY

VULCAN

At U. S. Alexander's office

every Thursday

Women's Institute

The Valentine meeting of the Women's Institute was held at Mrs. Lattif's and was an unqualified success under the management of Mrs. Ulrich.

The business of the day was rattled through. The delegates for the Leithbridge convention were appointed. Mrs. Alexander the president owing to illness in the home was absent. Vice-president, Mrs. Chamberlain was in the chair. There was a reading about the Valentine making industry, a love song "My love is like a red red rose" by Mrs. Williamson.

After which the members and guests were paired off as famous lovers. King Solomon and Queen of Sheba, Doug and Mary Fairbanks, Funch and Judy, Madame Queen and Andrew H. Brown, etc. All were obliged to pay homage to the king and queen of hearts.

Two lively guessing contests were both won by Doug and Mary Fairbanks, (Mrs. Bond and Mrs. Frews) and a Valentine making contest won by Major Hoople and Martha, (Miss Cameron and Miss Cook) Mrs. Ulrich had six lovely prizes for them.

A bit pool was arranged when we finished up valentines made at home and bought by the members Mrs. Chamberlain caught the biggest one.

Then we had a lovely lunch, heart shaped sandwiches and short bread and cake and everything provided by Mrs. Bond, Mrs. Farmer and Mrs. Williamson.

After the meeting a number of the members of the W.I. at a very enjoyable party on Friday evening, when Valentines for the Institute meeting on Tuesday were made. Dainty refreshments were served.

CHAMPION Theatre

Theatre

Wed., Feb. 22

Claudette Colbert

Edmond Lowe

AND

Stewart Erwin

IN

The Misleading Lady

Miss Colbert, wealthy, bored and dissatisfied with a round of bridge, luncheon, and the like, attempts to obtain the leading role in a play to be produced by Robert Strange. He is unconvinced, and she stakes the job on her ability to make Edmond Lowe, returned South American mining engineer, fall violently in love with her in a house party. She succeeds, but the secret is unfortunately brought humiliate home to Lowe by assistant.

He immediately goes into action, via the cavernous route, beginning by kidnapping Miss Colbert and taking her to his mountain cabin. She puts up a good fight and is finally chained to the wall by Lowe.

A smash hit on the stage, it has some of the funniest scenes ever screened

Wed., Feb. 15th

Long Louie Cafe

For Eighteen Years the Leading Restaurant in Champion.

With the completion of recent improvements, including repainting and decorating, we are in a better position than ever to entertain farmers and others during the busy season.

As it has been in the past so Long Louie's Will continue in the future to be

The Best Place in Town to Eat

Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos, Soft Drinks, All Kinds of Fruit in Season, Ice Cream the Year Round, etc.

HOCKEY DANCE

Will Be Held in

Champion Community Hall

Friday February 24

Music by Rhythm Vendors

Novelty Dance

Good Time Assured

Gents 50c

Ladies 25c

The Child Problem

Great Care Should Be Exercised In Administering Punishment

Punishment of a child should not be lightly undertaken. Punishment is ineffective unless the child understands why it is administered; it is self-defeating if it breeds defiance in the child's mind; its corrective purpose is nullified if it is customarily disproportionate to the offense. Moreover, when it is a proper punishment for one child it is entirely improper, and hence morally indefensible, for another. Some children are constitutionally placid, nervously and mentally that they never should be whipped; others never should be "isolated," even if that word be used to mean the least humiliating form which the penalty it deserves can take; others should not be deprived of favorite playthings, others should not be compelled to go without an article of food of which they are particularly fond.

Each child is a problem by itself. The ideal treatment of a child is that which by punishment or reward, praise or censure, awakens its understanding. The worst treatment is that which brings down on a child suffering, mental or physical, for innocent errors, for misunderstandings due to ignorance, for stupidity, bad temper or short-sightedness of parents and others in authority over it and suffering deliberately inflicted the purpose of which the child does not comprehend.—New York Sun.

Second Largest Gold Field

Mines of Northern Ontario Are the Second Largest in the World

Gold produced in the year 1932 from the mines in Northern Ontario was valued at \$44,773,154, an increase of \$4,038,878 over the value in 1931. At the end of last year 19 mines were reporting production compared with 15 at the beginning of 1932. The mines milled 5,065,015 tons of ore in the year under review, of which 3,550,089 tons are credited to the Porcupine Camp, 1,790,961 tons to the Kirkland Lake mines and 1,703,630 tons to mines in the Northwestern district. In value of production the Kirkland Lake mines led with an aggregate output valued at \$23,682,262. The Porcupine mine came next with production worth \$21,465,347, followed by the mines in the Northwestern field with an output value of \$1,625,540.

In December 1932 the production of Ontario gold mines totaled \$4,135,536, which was the second highest monthly output on record. On two other occasions, namely in May and June, 1932, the gold mines in the province recorded production in excess of four million dollars in a single month, the May output being \$4,079,320 and that for June, \$4,179,045. The December output represented a gain of \$201,552 over the November production of \$3,957,493.

The gold mines in Ontario are the principal source of supply of the Canadian production of the precious metal and the second most valuable gold-producing area in the world, being exceeded only by the Rand mines in the Transvaal, South Africa.

The Canning Industry

Exports Of Canned Tomatoes and Fruits Heavy Last Year

Canned tomatoes exported from Canada in 1932 amounted to 13,238,202 pounds, an increase of 6,823,813 pounds over the 1931 exports. This substantial increase was due to shipment of over 10,500,000 pounds to the United States where a tomato shortage was reported. In 1931 Canada exported 13,914 pounds only to that country. Exports of Canadian canned fruit, particularly pears, increased from 5,239,292 pounds in 1931 to 10,285,295 pounds in 1932. This increase was mainly due to larger shipments to Great Britain which amounted in 1932 to 8,220,780 pounds as compared with 4,811,678 pounds in 1931.

Ship Ice To Churchill

Train Carriers Fervent Campaign To North Port For Ice In Dining Cars Next Summer

"Charging ice to Churchill" has supplanted the phrase "coke to Newcastle" on the Hudson Bay Railway. "The Mackay Limited" arrived at Churchill over the snow-covered line with several carloads of ice from The Pass. It is to be used next summer in dining cars. It was found more economical to ship the ice from the southern terminus than to send men to Churchill to cut it.

Half a teaspoonful of baking soda added to boiling frosting will keep it from running.

W. N. U. 1934

SCENES FROM THE AUTO-MOBILE STRIKE FRONT



A scene outside the plant of the Briggs Body Manufacturing Company, at Detroit, Mich., as hundreds of strikers picketed the plant to prevent strike-breaking. The factory is running with a skeleton force of new workers in an attempt to supply the Ford Company with enough bodies to enable resumption of production of new cars which was stopped by the Briggs strike. A large force of police is on hand to quell possible disorders. Inset is Salvatore Succi, a would-be strike-breaker, who was slugged as he was going to the Briggs plant to apply for work in defiance of the pickets, being aided by police.

The Lightest Wood

Balsa Wood Is Much Lighter Than Cork

Our attention has been drawn to the numerous industries in which balsa wood is now used. It enters into the manufacture of aircraft, boats and trunks, and is also utilized for sound proofing, heat insulation, and other purposes. The main characteristic of the wood is its extreme lightness, this being due to the openness of the grain and the presence of empty cells; the average weight per cubic foot is from 7 to 8 lbs., which compares with a weight for cork of from 11 lbs. to 13 lbs. The name is derived from the Spanish word *balsa*, meaning a raft, for when the Spanish conquerors first came to their native land, they found the Indians using this light wood for their rafts; incidentally, it is still used for the same purpose. Messrs. The Balsa Wood Company, Limited, Africa House, Kingsway, London, W.C.2, inform us that while several varieties of the timber are widely distributed in central and northern South America, the best variety comes from Ecuador and possesses the botanical name, *Ocotea macrocarpa*.

The growth of the balsa tree is extremely rapid, a tree 50 feet in height and 3 feet in diameter being obtained in from 4 to 5 years. Immediately after felling, the timber is full of sap, and is heavy compared with the dry wood. The bark is stripped off and the logs sawn up into lengths, ranging from 6 feet to 15 feet in length, 5 inches to 15 inches in width, and 1 inch to 4 inches in thickness; it is exported in this condition. As previously indicated, the wood enters into the manufacture of plywood for aircraft, boats, trunks, and also packing cases for all types of highly-polished and delicate objects, as the silky texture of the timber does not scratch smooth surfaces. It is also used in connection with the sound-proofing of rooms and electric motors and in insulation work, particularly on vehicles conveying solid carbon dioxide and other chilling materials.—From Engineering.

Earth's Core Is Rigid

According To Theory Of University Of California Geologists

The earth loses the famous molten mass long supposed to constitute its centre. At least it does so in the new theory of Prof. W. J. Miller, geologist of the University of California, who declares the core is probably a solid as rigid as steel. The old notion about the molten centre Professor Miller explains by stating that when a break occurs in the earth's crust the pressure at depth heats the rock and sends it out as a lava. The new theory may start a war among the geologists.—Christian Science Monitor.

Keeps "Three-Ball" Inn

An English inn with a double personality is called the Castle of Smithfield, and only after the first two drinks in the barroom do you realize the innkeeper is also a pawnbroker. Hanging discreetly beneath a huge clock is "the three balls," the symbol of the pawnbroker.

Queensland, Australia, has launched a state home-prepare programme.

List Of Immortals

Dr. Baunting and Dr. Best Are In Line For Nomination

Dr. Frederick G. Baunting and Dr. C. H. Best of Toronto, co-discoverers of insulin as a treatment for diabetes, are in line for nomination to a list of "immortals," who, in the opinion of Dr. Davis S. Muzzey of Columbia University, will figure in history, even after a half century from now.

In the list Dr. Muzzey, professor of American history at Columbia, named six men and one woman as "immortals"—James Jerome Hill, Canadian-born railroad pioneer, among them.

Hill, named an "immortal" for his public works, was born a farm boy near Gushet, Ont., in 1838.

Visits Scene Of Old Job

When John Mansfield, post laureate of England, visited New York recently he looked over the site of an old mansion where he worked as "bar boy" many years ago. The old bar was located at Christopher and Washington Sts., Greenwich Village section.

Practically all large banks in Germany are now under government control.

Practically all telephone equipment used in British navy is British made.

Old Logging Centre

Loses Its Railroad

Craigville On Canadian Border Has Become "Ghost Town"

"Ghost" towns, mere relics of the days when Minnesota's northland was one big pine forest, dot the big woods, but Craigville is first among the last remnants of the once thriving industry. Its frame shacks sagging and creaking in the stinging north wind, the mirth, laughter and song of the gay old frontier days seeming to echo from the wooded background, Craigville today has just about the meanest blow.

The 60-mile rail connection linking the old logging centre with the outside world since 1889 has been removed.

Built just south of the Canadian border, Craigville in the early eighties was the last outpost of civilization when lumber magnates were backing through vast stretches of tall timber to gold and fame.

Here was a genuine frontier life centring around a heterogeneous assortment of humanity—French-Canadian trappers of the old Hudson Bay Company, gawky axmen, swaggering frontiersmen who snarled wicked whips over six-o'clock logging rigs, professional gamblers, petty crooks, bulging bartenders and the other habits that made the place the mecca of the backwoods folk.

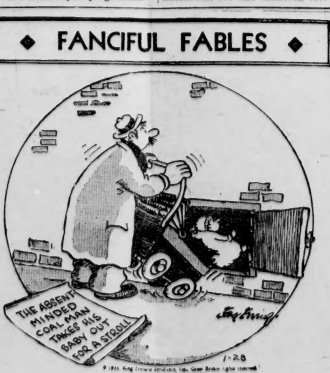
Then the forests dwindled; Craigville withered and now the snow on Main St., once aglow with the light of kerosene lamps, shining through frosted windows, is tramped under the feet of moose and deer, crossing from the highlands back of Craigville to the swamp beyond.

Few Immigrants

Total For the Calendar Year Given As 20,591

A continuing falling off in immigration to Canada in 1932 brought the total for the calendar year down to 20,591 compared with 27,530 the previous year. The United States supplied the bulk of these, 13,709, while 3,227 came from the British Isles. Northern European races made up 909 of the remainder and all other races 2,646.

Ontario got the largest share of immigrants with a total of 9,312. Of western provinces British Columbia received 1,850, Alberta, 1,692, Saskatchewan 971 and Manitoba 757.



Too Speedy For Test

New Aeroplane Cannot Do Stuff In Low Altitudes

Anyone possessing a large building, say three miles square, and hermetically sealed to permit low air density, will be welcomed with open arms by aeronautic experts of California Institute of Technology.

These experts have designed an airplane capable of a speed of 1,000 miles an hour—but they cannot test it on a large scale in the heavy air of low altitudes.

The airplane, Dr. Klein said, is correct theoretically. Its speed of 1,000 miles an hour, more than twice as fast as present planes, would fly at an altitude of between 15 and 25 miles in the rarified atmosphere far above the clouds, fog and prevailing winds.

This super-plane, as proposed by Dr. Klein, would be propelled by the burning of gasoline in long, open-ended tubes. An engine of great power would first be necessary to move the ship at great speeds before the rocket-like apparatus would begin to function.

As top speeds were attained through the use of internal combustion engines, expulsion of gases from the tubes would increase the flying speed tremendously. Dr. Klein believes.

Such tubes would take the form of a long tunnel, open at both ends, extending the length of the fuselage. The central channel of the tubes would be much larger than the ends. Dr. Klein explained. The air, at high speeds, would rush into the tubes with such force that the compression would tend to heat the air, causing it to expand.

Jets of burning gasoline in the central portions of the tube would cause the air to expand, causing the air to burst from the vent with terrific force.

Theoretically, Dr. Klein says, the exhaust from these tubes would move more than equal the air blast from a diesel propeller.

Man's Unselfish Friend

Dog Always Faithful and True Under All Circumstances

The one absolutely unselfish friend a man may have in this selfish world, the one that never proves ungrateful or treacherous, is the dog. A man's dog stands by him in prosperity or poverty, in health or in sickness. He will kiss the hand that has no food to offer. He will lick the shoes of the lame. He will guard the sleeper through the blighting snow or fiery hail. He will guard the sleeper through the blighting snow or fiery hail. He will guard the sleeper through the blighting snow or fiery hail.

He guards the sleep of his pauper master as he would of a prince. When all other friends desert, he remains. When riches take wings and reputation falls to pieces, he is a constant in his love as the sun in the journey through the heavens. If only fortune drives the master forth, an outcast in the world, friendless and homeless, the dog asks no higher privilege than that of accompanying him. And when the last scene of all comes, and death takes his master in his embrace and the body is laid away in the cold tomb, no matter if all other friends pursue their way, there by his graveside, will the dog be found faithful and true, even unto death.—Senator West, U.S.A.

Shipments Of B.C. Lumber

Coast Lumber Is Shipped To All Parts Of The World

Lumber mills in the Province of British Columbia shipped a total of 446,889,543 feet board measure by water to all destinations in 1932, out of which 251,302,853 board feet were shipped to countries in the British Empire. During the year Australia purchased 125,551,388 feet from British Columbia, or nearly three times as much as in 1931 and 91,957,000 feet of her total imports from the Pacific Coast. The British Isles purchased approximately 106,000,000 feet during the year from British Columbia, or 71.42 per cent. of its total purchases from this region as compared to 52.03 per cent. in 1931.

Other British Empire purchasers in 1932 included: New Zealand, 1,000,000 board feet; South Africa, 5,600,000; the Indian West Indies, 8,200,000; South Sea Islands, 2,000,000; and British India, 50,000 board feet.

Sales to China totaled 52,341,172 board feet and to Japan 60,051,785 feet.

Fire Loss Was Low

Rosetown, 50 miles southeast of Saskatoon, is patting itself on the back. Its 1932 fire loss totaled \$61.25. Fire Chief John McDougall reported at the county's final meeting. Inspection work was carried on throughout the year and citizens instructed in matters of fire prevention.

Argentina exported more cats and fleas in 1932 than in the preceding year.

Traffic lights have been installed in more than 200 towns in Great Britain.

Technocracy On The Farm

Does Not Furnish Market For Produce Or Lift Mortgage

Although labor is available now at lower cost than for years, and movements are under way to assist farmers to utilize it, experts are still devoting time and ingenuity to still greater mechanization of agriculture. New developments recently announced by manufacturers include:

A sugar beet tapper that plows the beds out of the ground, grabs the entire beet plant and carries it to the chopping knives.

A new type of tractor that weighs little more than a draft horse, but has the sustained pulling power of four draft horses. It costs no more than the average small motorcar, does both work and supplies power for binders or other machines hitched to it.

A machine which brushes, grades and polishes 1,000 bushels of potatoes a day, being somewhat similar to a recently invented machine which brushes the furs from peaches.

A combine harvester with which the milk is never exposed to the air from the time it leaves the cow until it enters the can.

A new balloon-type of tractor tire which is said to increase the rate of plowing by 27 per cent. and to make a saving of 23 per cent. in fuel costs. All-steel barns with which the milk is never exposed to the air from the time it leaves the cow until it enters the can.

Thus, the mechanical experts have it all figured out how far a farmer can get before he can increase production at the same time. He can, however, none of these engineering wizards has invented a machine which will make a farmer's life a bit easier. A machine that will lift a mortgage. Until somebody invents machines of that nature, the farmer and his neighbors might just as well wait.—Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

Height, Depth and Distance

Have Been Conquered By Piccard, Amelia Putnam, and Lindbergh

Prof. August Piccard, explorer of the stratosphere, dines with Mrs. Amelia Putnam and Lindbergh. Charles A. Lindbergh. He tells his fellow aerial travelers he planned to go up. His idea is to explore ocean depths from a glass-walled gondola and a balloon inflated with hydrogen gas. He has practical experience in the use of balloons. He negotiates the ancient theories of height, depth and distance. Countless generations knew man's world was a flat disk. The ancients believed one generation thought the world was flat. One generation has thickened with the thought that it has thickened too.—Christian Science Monitor.

British Get the Business

Trade Is Pursued and Captured All Over the World

Marvelous tales of British pursuit trade all over the world. Photographs show a great crane lifting an entire 100-ton locomotive onto a ship at the Manchester dock. It is one of eight engines "British built" on the way to China.

Yesterday you read that the first concession granted by Turkey to anybody allows British to build a ferry to carry freight passenger cars and automobiles across the Bosphorus. From Istanbul to Samsun, establishing continuous connections between Asiatic and European markets.

Our American "big business" has taken a little less today and in some cases has preferred to make money by printing more stock, instead of going out and looking for more business.—By Arthur Brisbane.

Tip For Employees

Chicago Typists Have Work Checked By Hidden Camera

Fervish work is being done by some typists in an office in Chicago. Hidden cameras have been installed for an experiment to take moving pictures of unsuspecting workers, and when the pictures are shown in slow motion, it seems that the typists are not so well hidden that no typist can be sure whether her employer has decided to make the experiment or not.

National Radium Commission Chairman Draws Attention To Dangerous Nature Of Substance

Radium, the rarest and costliest of minerals, commonly regarded as a valuable servant of surgery in the fight against cancer, can be the most lethal and dangerous of poisons in the hands of the unscrupulous and the ignorant.

In making this statement to a conference of experts, Vice-Chairman of the National Radium Commission, drew a startling picture of the possibilities for evil if the substance were put to a criminal use, says a London newspaper.

"If they flask containing one gramme," he declared, "would be sufficient to murder your neighbor sleeping on the other side of the wall of a semi-detached house, it is not arousing suspicion in the minds of his family or the police."

Urging strict government control of radium, Lord Lee was also citing examples of the terrible effects of certain patent remedies and cosmetics containing radioactive substances, some of which he said were so deadly that their preparation or sale should be "sterily suppressed."

Lord Lee's pronouncement was made while delivering the Sirhan Thompson lecture to the conference of the British Institute of Radiology at Central Hall, Westminster.

While there was doubt about the curative value of radium, he declared, there was none about its palliative effect and its power to relieve pain. On that ground it could claim to be of benefit to mankind. Its greatest foes were ignorance and overconfidence.

It was the conviction of the national radium commission that "radium is far too dangerous a substance to be let loose upon mankind. It is the most lethal and dangerous of poisons. It should be prohibited from importation or sale, except under special license."

Under existing conditions the extreme costliness of radium was perhaps the public's best safeguard. At £1,000 a gramme there was not much risk of its becoming a "best seller."

As an example of the perils of carelessness in the use of radium, Lord Lee described the case of the New Jersey girls who painted luminous watch dials and other novelties containing minute quantities of radium or mesothorium, pointed the brushes at intervals with their tongues.

In many cases the consequences did not become apparent until more than four years after the girls had left their employments.

"How many girls perished as a result of this careless use of radium is not accurately known," added Lord Lee, "but it has been estimated that some 30 more are regarded as doomed."

Referring to patent remedies, cosmetic preparations and novelties containing or professing to contain radium or radio-active substances, Lord Lee stated that in some cases these were harmless. They were merely fraudulent because they contained no radium at all, or only a negligible trace.

On the other hand some commercial preparations containing radium were so potentially deadly that their preparation or sale should be sternly suppressed by law and even made a criminal offence.

"I refer particularly," Lord Lee went on, "to the so-called 'radium waters.' This deadly beverage really contains an appreciable amount of radium, and its first effect is undoubtedly agreeable and stimulating."

"So much so that one of its prominent victims, a Pittsburgh iron-master and an amateur golf champion, not only drank large quantities himself, but he wanted to 'improve his game,' but being wealthy and generous he sent cases of it as gifts to his sporting friends. What became of them I do not know, but he himself died recently from neuritis of the jaw, acute anaemia and abscess of the brain."

"The autopsy revealed the largest amount of radium ever found in a human body—some thirty micrograms, enough to kill three men or women."

"This was perhaps an extreme case, but a credible public in this country is being flooded with advertisements of 'quick' radium remedies."

"None of these, I am informed, can have the slightest therapeutic value, and to such extent, if any, as they

contain radium, they must be harmful and potentially dangerous.

"In my view the preparation or sale of radio-active preparations designed for either internal or external use should be absolutely prohibited."

A New Narcotic

Believed To Be More Effective Than Morphine, and Non-Habit Forming

Medical science is expected to announce soon the perfection of a narcotic derivative said to be more effective in relieving pain than morphine or heroin. This sedative—dilaudid—is now being studied in the United States Public Health Service and leading clinics throughout the nation.

German and Swiss scientists already have made remarkable claims for dilaudid. Several high-ranking German doctors assert that dilaudid is not habit-forming.

Recent experiments at the Mayo Brothers clinic are understood to have shown that dilaudid is especially valuable in obstetrical, cancer and intestinal treatments.

A report received by Harry J. Angellier, Commissioner of the Federal Bureau of Narcotics, from the Mayo clinic stated that "dilaudid in one-sixth the dose of morphine proves as effective."

Dilaudid is a cousin of heroin. Chemically it is di-hydromorphine hydrochloride.



By Ruth Rogers



453
IT'S SO UTTERLY SIMPLE TO
FASHION AND SO SMART
AND PRACTICAL WHEN

FINKNEY
The dropped shoulders of the jumper-perform double work. Besides being the newest idea of Paris, they also cover the shoulders, so when the warm weather arrives, a sleeveless jumper can be worn with this cute jumper.

The puffed sleeve jumper is a darling vogue of spring. Today's model is carried out in a tweedy-velvet in yellow and brown stripes. The separate gumps are yellow herringbone. A yellow organdy gump would also be pretty with the blue just.

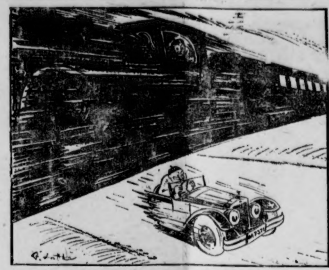
Style No. 453 is designed for sizes 8, 10, 12 and 14 years.

Size 8 requires 2½ yards 35-inch, with 1½ yards 35-inch for gumps. Price of pattern 20 cent; buy with coin (as in preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size
Name
Town



"Heavens! What a noise the old bus is making!"—Der Lustige Sachse.

Island Less Productive

Native Of Tristan Da Cunha Cannot Even Grow Potatoes

Britain's most lonely outpost, the island of Tristan da Cunha, in the South Atlantic Ocean, refuses now to yield to its 162 inhabitants even potatoes. The barren island used to produce potatoes, but, according to Rev. A. O. Partridge, missionary and former governor of the island, who returned to London, the production of potatoes has almost ceased.

Mr. Partridge was recently on furlough from the island but returned somewhat hurriedly under the authority of the British Government with the status of governor because a Brazilian scientific expedition was expected to visit the island. The expedition was abandoned, however, but in the meantime Mr. Partridge officially appointed one inhabitant as chief of the island.

Mr. Partridge was given a busy time when a Japanese war ship called at the island. He married three couples, christened a baby, packed his kit and sailed away with the ship within three hours of its arrival. It will be at least a year before another ship calls and it is learned how the first native governor is conducting his duties.

While Mr. Partridge was on the island the new chief ordered the latest woman on the island to stand on stools constructed of a soap box.

Could Take Her Choice

But Admirer Of Famous Pianist Was Too Far Disappointed

Paderewski has, like many another notability, undergone the ordeal of complying with autograph hunters' demands for signatures. But the famous pianist, if we may judge by what is said to have happened on one occasion, draws the line at the distribution of mementoes in the shape of samples of his beautiful hair, albeit gifted by nature with a profusion of that article.

It was when he was visiting America that a well-known society woman had the audacity to hand through the window of his private car a gushing epistle, winding up with a request for a lock of hair. It is alleged that Paderewski's secretary replied as follows: "You fail to specify whose hair you desire. M. Paderewski, therefore, in order to avoid disappointment has secured for you some fine specimens from his manager, secretary, valet, waiter, two cooks, and the cat."

Esquimos Struggle For Existence

Living Hard Along East Shore Of Hudson Bay

Wood is almost worthless in weight in gold to the hardy Eskimo struggling for existence along the east shore of Hudson's Bay. Bob Cookman, Toronto prospector-aviator, spent the summer in an aerial exploration of the bleak coast of Hudson's Bay and the rocky interior of the Ungava Peninsula. As he flew north in his small seaplane accompanied by a large aircraft carrying supplies, practically all vestige of timber growth disappeared, according to a description of the flight published in Canadian Aviation.

About Port Harrison, 140 miles south of Proville, there was barely even a stunted willow bush to be seen. Hudson's Bay was lapped against a land of bare rocks covered in patches with moss and lichens.

"The Eskimos have to do the best they can without food," Mr. Cookman had the foresight to flash a bundle of saplings to the undercarriage of his seaplane before he quitted James Bay and these had to serve as fuel poles. All cooking had to be done on a primus stove. The Eskimos were delighted with the white men's gift of a few matches. They expertly split each match into three fine slivers and did it so cleverly that all three would strike a light.

The aerial prospectors noticed that the Eskimos used the Eskimoes used to propel their kayak canoes were formed of small pieces of wood painstakingly spliced together. Fire is an almost unknown luxury due to lack of wood and the natives must eat their food, mostly fish, raw as it comes from the frigid waters of the bay.

World's Most Churchy City

One To Every Seven Citizens In Holy City, Mexico

Recent statistics compiled by the department of that name in Mexico City show that, at least in one phase of sanctity, Jerusalem and Mecca must yield the palm of "Holy City" to the town of Cholula, Mexico. Cholula with a population of 6,500, has 365 churches, or one to every seven of the population. Greater London, England, with a population of 7,470,000, has nearly 2,000 churches, or over 3,700 for each church. New York, with a population of over 6,000,000, has fewer than 1,500 even admitting those which are merely hired for one service a week.

BRITISH HOSPITAL GETS PRECIOUS RADIUM



Lord Leconfield, Lord Lieutenant of Sussex, England (left), presents to the Royal West Sussex Hospital, Chichester, 70 milligrammes of radium, on behalf of the British Empire Cancer Campaign. The value of the radium is approximately \$4,000. The gentleman receiving the gift is the Mayor of Chichester.

Lady Member Of French Secret Service Had Record Of Notable Accomplishments During War

Over Hundred Trains Daily

Electric Service Between London and Brighton Cost £2,750,000

The new electrified service from London to Brighton, Hove, Shoreham, and Worthing—six trains an hour each way and refreshments all the time—was opened on a recent morning by the Lord Mayor of London, Sir Percy Greenaway.

He and his party, accompanied by newspapermen, left Victoria station at 11:12 and reached Worthing in an hour and 12 minutes, where they were greeted by T. E. Hawkins.

At Brighton a few minutes later Mayor Frank G. Deal and council entertained the party to luncheon. This took place in the banquet hall of that strange exotic structure in Brighton which was a royal palace more than a century ago.

One hundred years ago the first steam coach arrived in Brighton by road from London. These passengers, too, had journeyed. They needed it. The journey had taken them seven hours.

Then there was the once famous Red Rover coach that broke all speed records with horses on the Brighton road with a time of 4 hours 24 minutes.

Someone else had an idea of taking passengers to Brighton on a motor-train propelled by sails, but gave it up.

On September 20, 1841, the first steam train arrived in Brighton on rails. The electric service now inaugurated has cost about £2,750,000. On week days it will provide 104 trains and 35,120 seats daily between Brighton and London. An increase of at least 4,000 passengers a week over existing traffic is expected.

Has Peculiar Hobby

English Aristocrat Allows Spiders the Run Of His House

The Marquess of Tavistock, only son of the Duke of Bedford has a new hobby—spiders. The marquess, who is a well-known author, not only studies spiders but breeds and feeds them and even allows them the run of his house at Peasmarsh, Sussex.

Lord Mottistone, who has been frightened no longer, the marquess says, for as far as he can ascertain all the alarming propensities attributed to spiders are mythical. They possess considerable intelligence and the males are past masters in tact when it comes to dealing with their women folk, he says. "In fact, if Mrs. Spider is peevish her husband will soothe her by pulling and shaking the web—a proceeding which she seems to like."

Another New World

Governor Pollard Of Virginia Tells What "Sumatray" Is

The world normally came out of the war; the world technocracy out of the depression and now comes the world of the "sumatray" out of vacation. Governor Pollard of Virginia coined the word which, he says, is the compilation of "definition not found in dictionaries, collected from the sayings of the wise and otherwise."

Here are some of them:

"Depression—a period of time in which we have to do without what our parents never had."

"Gentleman—one who can disagree without being disagreeable."

The governor has written a commentary and he gave 500 copies of it to his friends.

An Afterthought

A neighbor called on the Meektons. After a short talk he rose from his chair.

"Well, well," he said, "I suppose I must be going. I'm on my way to the club."

Meekton rose, too.

"I think I'll go, too," he said.

"What?" put the Meektons, gazing at her husband out of the corner of her eyes.

"Well," finished Meekton miserably.

Did Not Need Finding

Bobby did not seem to be paying much attention to the lesson, so his teacher thought she would question him, just to see if he had been listening.

"Now, Bobby Jones?" she cried.

"Where are elephants found?"

"Well, miss," said Bobby, "they are so big they aren't very often lost!"

Jockey caps are becoming fashionable for women in London.

She looked like a Parisian. But her name had a sound as British as afternoon tea. Over in Paris the Mrs. Thomas Crompton. There was a "C" in it. It was last week Mrs. Crompton stepped up to join the dignitaries stepped up to join the red ribbon of the Legion of Honour. Then came a cry of "Viva la France!" a sweeping back of fifteen years and war slogans once more leaped in the blood.

Then there were whistles that swelled to cheers of "Alouette." "The Skylark," for this quiet looking woman receiving the pledge of acclaim of her country was Mme. Richard.

One of the foremost members of the French Secret Service, with a record of notable accomplishments during the war years.

Marthe Richard was an aviator, and that was the service she sought eagerly to join. But the authorities would not hear of it. So she joined the Secret Service and was sent to Spain. Mme. Richard had had any previous experience, but she had her own way to point the way for her. It was a brilliant path. First in it was Baron von Kolberg, who was in charge of the "Viva la France" intelligence in the Iberian peninsula. Mme. Richard explained to him that she was a French spy, but allowed him to think that she was German. She sent him to Germany. So for fifteen months she led the Baron along, apparently serving with Berlin and Paris. She managed to tell the Baron, however, of the German inviolable ink, sending along a sample and all of the numbers and codes of the German spies in France.

She communicated with Spain. She sent along, also, samples of highly explosive toys with which it was the pleasure to tell the Germans to blow up French munition plants. Finally, she told the Allies of Germany's intention to reopen unrestricted submarine warfare, and the fact that she had 200 submarines which they had at their disposal.

It must have been a shock to Baron von Kolberg, when one afternoon—after she had rid him of his safe—she cheerfully informed him that she was about to stop. Such a thought as disloyalty to him had never crossed his mind.

The Baron was later tried for disloyalty. He was found guilty. But she knew the woman's name until she was cited for decoration.

It seems altogether too bad that she should have been an agent of the Secret Service. Mme. Richard, that is Mrs. Thomas Crompton, would make good reading. —Winnipeg Free Press.

Greenland Route Best

Tiered Safest Way By Air From

East Air Travel Between America

and Europe over a safe route and on regular schedule was the project held out to an audience in Convocation Hall, Toronto, by one whose professional investigations have done much to make such an airway possible. The speaker was Dr. W. H. Hobbs, geologist and explorer of the University of Michigan, who delivered the weekly Royal Canadian Institute lecture, telling what recent expeditions have learned about Greenland. The best air route will use Labrador, Greenland and Iceland as intermediate points, Dr. Hobbs stated.

"The longest water jump involved is 600 miles," he said. "This course also promises the greatest freedom from fog, other winds over Greenland which can be very severe, and is the closest to great circle sailing of all projected courses."

Winter Is Less Severe

U.S. Weather Charts Show Spring Is

Closest to Normal

Charts covering a period of 113 years offered an answer to the old query: If winter comes, can spring be far behind? The answer, according to the United States weather bureau decided after long study of the charts, is not so far behind winter as it is used to be—but there is no telling about the future.

J. B. Kincer, chief of the climatological section of the bureau finds that the most severe winters during the last century occurred about the time of the civil war, that since winters have been a little shorter and less intense.

Shoes are being given for cigarette coupons in England.

Normally about 1,500,000 persons are employed by railroads.

ORANGE PEKOE BLEND



"Fresh from the Gardens"

The Way Out.

The whole world is looking for a way out of the terribly complicated financial and economic mess into which it has been plunged as a direct result of the Great War. Whatever may be the contributory causes to the intensity and widespread character of the present depression, the main root causes of the depression was the war and the terms stipulated in the peace treaties. This is no universally recognized. No one seeks to deny it unless they have some particular end to serve by attributing the world's present troubles to something else.

One of the results of the Great War, and the treaties by which it was ended, has been the development of an intensely narrow nationalism which, in turn, has led to the adoption of those policies which today are straining the trade of the world and causing all nations to seek ways and means of making themselves self-contained economic units. It is this which has caused the break-down of monetary systems and adoption of uneconomic policies by which all nations are endeavoring to produce both primary and manufactured products which are not natural to their particular countries. It is one of the outcomes of the war that every nation is desirous of promoting exports while at the same time shutting out imports—an undertaking which even the dullest schoolboy understands to be impossible.

More and more, thinking men and women are coming to realize that there are only two ways whereby the world can be brought out of the impasse in which it finds itself. One is through the instrumentality of another great war; the other is by the nations of the world getting together in conference to undo as far as may be possible the blunders made following the last war and to remedy the mistakes which have been, and still are, perpetrated by practically all nations.

There may be some inhuman creatures who would welcome the first war out, but they are few and far between. Another war would create a huge demand for products and commodities of all kinds, with a consequent enormous increase in prices, because it is admitted that war, more than any other agency, creates a large demand for almost everything, except pure luxuries. But apart from the horrors of war, the final result would be—as it always has been throughout history—the development of another depression surpassing in its intensity and duration even the one through which we are now passing. War would be no cure for our financial and economic ills; it would merely temporarily raise the depression, only to plunge us back into it in more intensified form.

God forbid there should be another war, but there will be unless the nations of the world come to their senses, get together in conference, abandon their narrow nationalisms, and work together in union for the common good of all, instead of at cross purposes, each seeking to advance itself at the expense of the other.

Yet there are people today so utterly blind or selfish that they go about deriding every effort that is put forth for bringing the nations into conference and, let us hope, ultimate amalgamation and cooperation. These people take the position that conferences are useless; they scoff at them; they predict failure for each and every one of them in advance of their meeting. But if the world's salvation is not to be found through the medium of conferences, then the destruction will be brought about by war, because inevitably, financial and economic warfare—in which the nations are now engaged—will, unless stopped, end in physical war.

Those people point to the many conferences already held, and they ask, "What good has come out of them?" They say the Lausanne Conference was a failure, yet at that conference the nations of Europe agreed to cut German reparations down from many billions of dollars to a few hundreds of millions. True, that decision is being repudiated, but it was a step forward, and it was a long step forward toward a solution of the war reparations and war debts problem. The same people say the Ottawa Economic Conference was a failure. Well, that depends upon a person's viewpoint. Some very able statesmen and publicists in many countries regard it as a successful beginning to other policies to follow, while others, it is true, consider that mistakes were made in that it did not accomplish what was in the direction of freeing trade from the artificial restrictions now imposed upon it.

Another world conference is to be held this year, called specifically to deal with world disarmament and cooperation. All the principal nations of the world will be represented. But already these prophets of despair are going about telling people that it will prove a failure. If it is, it will be time enough to say so after the fact, only harm is done by condemning it in advance. People who adopt such an attitude are not patriots nor friends of their fellow men; they are advocating the continuation of utter and selfish purpose to serve.

No conference, no amalgamation, that everybody expects if it desires that it should accomplish. Any conference, if it is to achieve anything, must proceed along the path of compromise. There must be give and take on all sides. A spirit of co-operation rather than antagonism must be in evidence. Even the smallest thing accomplished is so much gain, and every such gain opens the way for further gains, just as every loss leads to other and greater losses.

Those who deny and condemn world conferences in advance are, in fact, rejecting the world's only alternative to war as a means of settling differences between nations. There are more conferences now than ever before in the world's history. Why? Because the real and far-seeing leaders of world thought are striving to avert never before to prevent war. In past ages war resulted because the nations did not try to get together and settle their differences and compose their rival interests. And if they do not do so now, war will be the only alternative, the inevitable result.

Those who go about deriding, criticizing and condemning such conferences in advance are nothing more nor less than war-mongers, advocates of international bloodshed and revolution, apostles of the doctrine of physical force, rather than orderly methods of compromise and evolution. They know it may sometimes be, whereby reform is achieved and mankind moves forward to better things.

Launching the "Normandie"

When the "Normandie," the world's largest liner, was launched by the jerryman in the Naivare, France, recently, a ton of soap, two and one-half tons of food, and 43 tons of fuel were needed to grease the ways. Six hundred men were manifested in the launching. The President of France attended, and his wife, Mme. Lebrun, held the bottle of champagne over the bow.

Liked His Job

After a trial had been in progress for three hours a jerryman in the Kings' Bench Division of London courts told Justice Ashton that he was very deaf and had not heard a word of the proceedings. After a consultation with the Judge continued the hearing with a jury of eleven. "I am sorry to go because I liked the job," said the jerryman as he left the box.

Nervous—Could Not Sleep Tired Out All The Time

Mrs. George Berliner, Newswarck, N.B., writes: "I was so very nervous I could not sleep at night, and felt tired out all the time."

A neighbor told me about Milbura's Heart and Nerve Pills, and as she was using them at the time she gave me some to try. I found they were doing me so much good I procured two boxes and they proved of wonderful help to me."

For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Milbura Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Has Seen Canada Grow

Montreal Woman Emigrated From England 87 Years Ago

Five years before Queen Victoria became Queen of England, Sarah Davey was born in London, England. Eighty-seven years ago—the year Abraham Lincoln was assassinated, she came to Canada where she has remained ever since.

Mrs. Hyder, as she now is, celebrated her 100th birthday, at her home in Montreal. Direct and pure, the sunlight streaming on her white hair—half that needs no lace cap to hide the wear of time—Mrs. Hyder told of the Canada of 1865.

"I expected Canada would be very busy," she said, "and it was! We lived in Itherville for nearly 50 years and all my children were born there. Those were good days. In winter we had long sleigh drives and in summer we went over the country roads. There were many more country roads in our horse-driven buggy. There they rode then . . . Itherville and surrounding country is now different now. And the winters were ever so much colder."

Mrs. Hyder doesn't worry about her money. "She could three good times a day," her daughter said, "and has a glass of ale every night before she goes to bed."

The old lady is not out of sympathy with the present generation. "I like to see the girls enjoying themselves," she said, "but I don't think mothers should allow them to stay out all hours of the night as if they weren't interested in them."

Plan Is Developing

Sea-Air Service Would Make Base At Galway, Ireland, Necessary

A combined sea and air passenger service, that would reduce the traveling time between New York and London to three and a half days, has attracted the interest of influential New York bankers.

The project calls for establishment of a large base at Galway, on the west coast of Ireland, for aeroplanes operating in conjunction with trans-Atlantic liners and a modern, well-equipped harbor to accommodate the liners themselves.

H. Channing, president of the Irish Trans-Atlantic Corporation, Ltd., which is developing the scheme, is to confer with New York bankers, who have indicated their willingness to back the project. Dutch and Canadian interests, it is learned, also are watching the development closely.

Galway is ideally situated for a land. A full day or more could be saved in the New York-London route now if the fast boats put in there and the passengers made the rest of the trip by air.

The scheme already is so far advanced that it has drawn the interest of the Canadian, British, and Dutch governments, which see in it immense commercial and other possibilities.

Ceylon Wants Throne Back

Has Been At Windsor Castle For Over a Year

A request that the ancient throne of the Kandyan kings, which has been at Windsor Castle for more than 100 years, should be returned to Ceylon, its traditional home, is being made by the Ceylon state council to the secretary of state for the colonies.

The throne was used by British sovereigns at the investiture of knights of the Garter until 1924, when it was removed by the King's command, from the throne room to the grand vestibule because it was considered out of keeping with the decorative scheme.

The throne, which is an imposing structure of silver gilt, supporting dragons of cut crystal with amethyst eyes, is ornamented with floral decorations. The plating is set with gems.

A Delicate Operation

Doctor Sues Woman's Heart and Removes Blood Clot

Dr. Clarence Bradford, of Stockholm, Sweden, announced a critical operation on a woman patient whose heart he stopped for four minutes while he removed a blood clot from the organ.

The patient regained her health. It was claimed to have been the eighth such operation in medical history, three of which were by Dr. Crawford. Two others were in Sweden and three in Berlin.

Merchandise exports from Japan in November were valued at twice those of the corresponding month of 1931.

Water is the chief constituent of all living things.

Win Progress Prize

Mennonite Farmers Given Second Award In C.N.R. Competition

The community of Havelock, centering on the town of Steinbach, east of Winnipeg, was awarded first prize in the Canadian National Railways community progress competition for communities of European origin in Manitoba, according to information received from Dr. W. J. Black, director of colonization and agriculture for the company. This is the third year's operation of these competitions.

The first prize community in Manitoba consists of six school districts, centering on the town of Steinbach. This is a Mennonite settlement, started more than 50 years ago. In the first few years of settlement they had no capital for equipment, but gradually established themselves as farmers through their own industry and endeavor. Today this community is one of the finest from an agricultural standpoint in Manitoba.

The board of judges, composed of Principal John Mackay, Manitoba College; Mrs. David Watt, Birle, and Rev. Joseph Pink, principal of Provencher school, awarded second prize to a Ukrainian community in southeastern Manitoba, and third prize to Stirling, which comprises the north half of the Dauphin municipality, a Ukrainian community north of the town of Dauphin.

History As Understood

Small Wonder Answer Of One Student Started Teacher

The person who told this story swears it actually happened. The young students were answering an oral quiz on history. The teacher asked, "Who was Anne Boleyn?" Answered a bright-eyed lad, "A flat head." He had to repeat his answer several times before the startled teacher understood. Then she demanded his reason for making such a statement. "It says so in the book," he insisted, and pointed through the history until he struck the paragraph that proved his point. "He said," he said, and triumphantly followed the following: "Henry VIII pressed his suit with Anne Boleyn."

A Privileged Character

Dug's Name Appears In Colorado Fraternity House Directory

Hedgel Peter is listed in the University of Colorado student directory. His address is the Sigma Alpha Epsilon fraternity house.

Hedgel Peter is a police dog and is the fraternity mascot. When the Sig Alpha officers were preparing their list for the school year, they found the name of Hedgel Peter was slipped into the list and as a result Hedgel kept his mail at the Sig Alpha house.

"The most excellent police dog," have," said Gilbert Perkins, president of the fraternity.

Delicacy From China

Ten-Year-Old Egg Exhibited At "Chinese Evening" In Boston

An exhibition of curios including a ten-year-old egg which was brought from China by Mr. H. W. Dunne of Brooklyn, featured the "Chinese evening," conducted in Jacob Steyer Hall by the Boston University Women Graduates Club.

The egg was preserved according to Chinese custom in quicklime, which makes it very hard-boiled. Eggs of this sort are considered a delicacy in China, according to Mrs. Dunne.

Entirely Trustworthy

"I'm giving you a week's notice," said the maid.

"Why, Jane," replied the mistress, "you have only been here a fortnight, and I'm quite pleased with you; whatever do you want to leave for?"

"Well, you see," said Jane, "I find as 'ow you don't trust me."

"Why, my dear girl," replied the lady, "I gave you the keys of the master's desk, the safe and my jewelry-case."

"Yes," snapped Jane, "but they don't fit."

French critics regard Edgar Allan Poe as the father of the short story.

FOR CHIPPED SKIN
Dillon Medical Oil will ease all aches and pains, soothe all inflammations, and soothe all itches. No trouble. Very healing!

MNARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LIMENT



Throw Off That COLD!

Some men and women fight colds all winter long. Others enjoy the protection of Aspirin. A tablet in time, and the first symptoms of a cold get no further. If a cold has caught you unawares, keep on with Aspirin until the cold is gone. Aspirin can't harm you. It does not depress the heart. If your throat is sore, dissolve several tablets in water and gargle. You will get instant relief. There's danger in a cold that hangs on for days. To say nothing of the pain and discomfort Aspirin might have spared you! All druggists, with proven directions for colds, headaches, neuralgia, neuritis, rheumatism.

ASPIRIN

TRADE-MARK REG. IN CANADA



Extraordinary Discovery

Ordinary Magnet Said To Extract Cells From Body

Discovery that an ordinary magnet can be used to obtain from the organs where they live the immortally important cells believed to be responsible for the immunity of animals to disease, is announced by two workers of the Rockefeller Institute of Medical Research, at New York.

Harmless particles of highly-magnetic iron are introduced into the body in such a manner that the pized cells pick up the metal and gravitate like lodestones to the magnet. It has been impossible heretofore to separate them from the obscuring masses of millions of other body cells. Unharned by their iron metal, they are raised "in vitro," that is, they continue to live and grow in glass dishes. As there are now under observation at the institute for learning more about their functions.

A New Motor Fuel

Substitute For Gasoline Developed In Ireland Proving Successful

The new creosote oil substitute for gasoline which was discovered and developed by the municipal gas department of Belfast, Ireland, is proving a success, and is gaining recognition in other parts of the world. For the last 15 months, 12 Belfast municipal buses on different routes have used the new fuel with great success according to reports. More of these vehicles are to be converted to use of the fuel at once, and a five-year-plan for changing all buses has been outlined. J. D. Smith, the gas works manager, has, in response to inquiries sent the formula to all parts of the world.

Professor Sees New Age

Says People Now Willing To Sacrifice For Worthy Ends

The end of the present age of cynicism, which he sees as an aftermath of the world war, is envisioned by Dr. Jesse H. Thompson, professor of philosophy at Beartown College, Philadelphia. "We have passed through three ages," he said. "The age of cynicism was imposed by the age of materialism. Since the war of nations has been the ruling spirit. Now I believe we are entering upon a new age of faith and willingness to sacrifice for great and worthy ends."

Good Training For Children

Zoo In Dresden, Germany, Has Perfect City In Miniature

A miniature city for children is contained in the grounds of the Dresden, Germany, Zoo. It has a town hall, shops, railway station, traffic signals and so on. The idea of the authorities in providing this marvelous playground for the children was to train their minds in city government, and to give them some idea of the questions and problems that must arise.

By an ancient law churches built on Crown lands in Britain may not ring bells.

Increased Subsidies

Provinces To Receive More On Account Of Recent Census

On the basis of the recent census, increases in subsidies are being granted to Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Manitoba, British Columbia, Alberta and Saskatchewan. Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, by reason of the decrease in population in these two provinces will not be included in the increases. Prince Edward Island remains at its former rate; while the subsidy for Nova Scotia will be decreased.

Main estimates table in the House of Commons show the payments to be made for the coming year as compared with 1932-33. The following is the schedule:

	1932-33	1933-33
Ontario	\$2,941,424	\$2,642,611
Quebec	5,592,012	2,556,419
Nova Scotia	753,048	661,841
New Brunswick	693,040	666,765
Manitoba	1,694,150	1,662,084
B.C.	874,564	738,816
P.E.I.	381,931	381,931
Saskatchewan	1,743,150	1,670,430
Grand total	2,112,803	2,063,295

What Science Finds

Interesting Facts Adduced By Scientific Investigation

The devotion of old men to high political office is a mistake. Cerebration can hear. Man hasn't domesticated a single plant of high delicate value since the dawn of history. New-born infants are not deaf; they begin to hear when only a few hours old. The first musical instrument was a flute. Bobbed hair is a great mistake. Bats have the homing instinct. Molecules vibrate a trillion times a second. Indians of the pre-Inca era filled teeth with gold and the Chinese of forty-five centuries ago discussed the theory of evolution and knew of the circulation of blood. Men have a greater passion for testing things apart than do apes. —New York Sun.

Had Effect Of Standstill

John Phillips, an aviator, had Manhattan's sky watchers wondering recently when he made his "plane apparently stand still for twenty minutes." He explained the trick by saying he nosed the plane into a path of 70 miles an hour velocity. By keeping his ship at the same speed the effect was a standstill.

More cities in China are being re-modelled or reconstructed than ever before.

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS
HEADACHE
INDIGESTION
BILIOUSNESS
CONSTIPATION

W. N. O. 1931

FREE TRIAL OFFER OF KRUSCHEN

If you have never tried Kruschen—try it now at our expense. We have distributed a great many special "GIANT" packages which make it easy for you to prove our claims for yourself. Ask your druggist for the new "GIANT" "5¢ package". The contents of one small box, Kruschen, with a special trial bottle, put it to the test. You will find it is just what you need. If you like it, we will refund your money. If you do not like it, we will refund your money. Kruschen does everything we claim it to do, the regular bottle is still as good as new. Ask your druggist for a refund to return your box. Kruschen is sold without charge. What could be fairer? Manufactured by J. Kruschen, Ltd., Vancouver, B.C. (Canada). Write, Inquiries: Medi-San, Ltd., 1000 Burrard Street, Vancouver, B.C.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

A hitherto unknown sphynx is reported to have been unearthed near the second pyramid.

A currency note issued and signed by General Gordon during the siege of Khartoum in 1898 is sold in London recently for \$7.50.

The two-way trade between Canada and United States during 1932 declined by more than \$225,000,000 as compared with the previous year.

Nut culture in the Okanagan Valley is a new industry of much promise and a display from groves in the valley will be shipped to the World's Grain Fair in Regina.

Completing a month's tour of Canada, in the course of which he gave more than 35 addresses before various organizations, mainly on Indian questions, the Marquess of Zetland said for home on the "Mermaid".

Continued the "submarine is the only safe vessel for polar exploration" on Sir Hubert Wilkins said he not only is planning a second trip under the Arctic ice, but expects to take his wife along.

Only one state employee—President Albert Lebrun—volunteered a cut in his salary during the recent attempt to balance the French budget. He sent word to the premier to cut his salary 10 per cent.

Industry Hon. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Canals, told an audience at Fort William, that no right to regard labor as a pool from which men could be drawn in good times and to which they could be returned in bad times.

A \$100,000 research foundation has been organized to further the cancer serum investigation started by Dr. W. T. Galbraith. A firm of manufacturing chemists is now behind the research. Dr. Galbraith is the chairman of the foundation.

France's New Super Liner

"La Normandie" 80 Large To Go Through Panama Canal

And now France has peevish the price of the United States liner, she has built a great new super-liner, the world's marine giant. That could be passed over, perhaps, but it won't go through the Panama Canal. "La Normandie" is too large to go through the locks. The present lock chambers of the canal are 1,000 feet in length and 110 feet wide. The "Normandie" is 1,020 feet long and has a beam of 117 feet; they talk of building a larger lock at the Panama, but present estimates of the third set only call for a length of 1,200 feet with a spread of 125. But even that in the matter of width, will allow only four feet room on each side of a vessel of the "Normandie" proportions, certainly none too great a margin for safe handling of so massive a structure. However, present maritime trade and financial conditions are not such as to render likely an increase even of the stated amount in the canal's locking capacity for a considerable time in the future. It will be strange if the Panama Canal is out-moded by greater feats of engineering skill.—Brandon Sun.

After two weeks' trial of traffic signals in London without the yellow caution light, the light has been restored as being useful.

Austria's exports jumped nearly 20 per cent in a recent month.

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CHEST
COLDS
REMOVES CONGESTION

W. N. U. 1931

Oranges From Palestine

Shipments Are Transported To Halifax In Prime Condition

The second shipment of Jaffa oranges to reach Halifax this season arrived on the S.S. City of Oran. The modern facilities with which the vessel is equipped enabled it to load some thousands of cases of these Palestine oranges at Port Said, transporting them in prime condition the entire distance to Halifax.

Already this year the quantity of Jaffa oranges reaching the port of Halifax is considerably in excess of all Canadian importations of this fruit during 1932. The fiscal year ending March 31, 1932, showed a total of 4,792 cases of Jaffa oranges entering Canada. This was the first real development of this trade with Palestine, previous shipments being 170 cases in 1931 and 281 cases in 1929.

Thrives Under Depression

Municipal Pawn Shop In Paris Does Big Business

The Credit Municipal de Paris, which in plain English is the city pawn shop, on a large scale, and known to the French as "My Aunt," is enjoying the unique sensation of being highly satisfied with the much-talked-of depression. The less money people make, of course, the more they tend to borrow, and "My Aunt" is always more than willing to lend.

Statistics communicated recently show that during 1931 the number of objects deposited as securities for loans exceeded by 35,000 the total for 1930. And 1932's figures are likely to even surpass this.



By Ruth Rogers

Winnipeg Newspaper Union
Fashion
It's amazingly simple to copy! Today's model is stunning carried out in a dark and light grey crinkly crepe silk. The soft neckline is extremely becoming and youthful. There is the important suggestion about this high collar, and how to make strain across the thighs. The front of the skirt cuts in one with the hip yoke, creating a panel which lends to give the figure height. The rest of the skirt is slightly shaped for ease of movement. Why not have it? You can copy it exactly for a very small sum. Is a dress you can wear now and all through the year. Style No. 480 is designed for sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards 39-inch; with 1 1/2 yards 36-inch in change; or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.



SILM LINES AND SMARTNESS

It's amazingly simple to copy! Today's model is stunning carried out in a dark and light grey crinkly crepe silk. The soft neckline is extremely becoming and youthful. There is the important suggestion about this high collar, and how to make strain across the thighs. The front of the skirt cuts in one with the hip yoke, creating a panel which lends to give the figure height. The rest of the skirt is slightly shaped for ease of movement. Why not have it? You can copy it exactly for a very small sum. Is a dress you can wear now and all through the year. Style No. 480 is designed for sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards 39-inch; with 1 1/2 yards 36-inch in change; or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

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How To Order Patterns
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Pattern No. Size

Name

Address

Town

W. N. U. 1931

VETERAN WAR CORRESPONDENT WEDS



The marriage of Henry W. Newman, veteran war correspondent, and Miss Evelyn Sharp, author of a number of children's books and novels, was the culmination of a friendship which began thirty years ago when the two journalists were comrades in the fight for women's suffrage. Our picture was taken after the ceremony at the couple left the Town Hall, Hampstead, London, England.

Oldest Circulating Library

London People Got Habit From Famous Mude Family

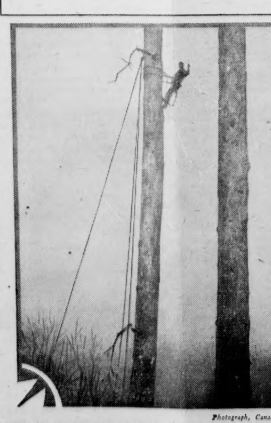
Through the death of Alfred Mude 39 years ago, the famous family which first taught London the circulating library habit is left with one member—Arthur O. Mude. More than 90 years ago Mude's library started in Chesham, Chelsea, England. It moved to Bloomsbury in 1844, where it has remained, but at different addresses, ever since. Many famous authors of the Victorian period owed a good deal of their popularity to Mude's. It put into circulation 3,000 copies of George Eliot's "Silas Marner," and more of Dickens' "Edmundo," Livingstone's "Travels" were brought by the firm into prominent notice, and later still Stanley's "In Darkest Africa." Nowadays Mude's have a host of competitors, but they also secure new subscribers in plenty.

Sounds Rather Utterly

To the Uninitiated "Cutting Noddy" Means Just That

Newspaper folks know what the job of "cutting noddy" is, but to the uninitiated the term means little. Anyway, a young woman was hired to attend to this job which consists of going through current novels with a blue pencil, crossing out unnecessary paragraphs in order to bring the story down to a length suitable for serial publication. She took her work home with her. With a sigh of resignation her mother called to her, "I've laid the scissors on the living room floor for you." "Annoyed the daughter queried, "Just what do you think 'cutting noddy' means?" "I don't know," returned the mother, "but I've been dressing the very best of my head, and if I did it as a 'cutting noddy' ain't I dunno what am."

+ Do You Know? +



THAT the highest paid employees in the lumbering industry are the Pacific coast is the high-rigger whose job it is to climb the giant tree, topping off the branches as he goes and finally to cut off the top of the tree so that he can set in place the cap and pulley which is later used to move the logs as they are cut? His job requires more nerve and is more hazardous than that of a ship's captain. The photograph shows a high rigger nearing the top of a giant tree in British Columbia.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

STUFFED PRUNES

1/2 pound prunes
1 cup sugar
1/2 cup corn syrup
1/2 cup water
3 to 4 cloves
1/2 teaspoon grated nutmeg
1/2 teaspoon cinnamon
1/2 allspice berries
1/2 teaspoon maple flavoring.
Chopped nut meats.
Roll prunes in enough water to cover for one half hour. Drain off liquid and add sugar, syrup, water and spices. Simmer slowly until the syrup is all absorbed into the prunes. Remove pits carefully, leaving prunes as whole as possible. Fill the cavities with chopped nut meats moistened with a little syrup or cream to which flavoring has been added. Roll in confectioner's sugar.

BACON SALAD SANDWICH

Cook the bacon until it is crisp. Butter slices of bread and spread lightly with salad dressing. Add a little chopped lettuce and chopped tomato which has been seasoned with salt and pepper. Add crisp bacon, and put on the remaining slice of bread.

Know What He Meant

A story is told of a negro preacher who prayed earnestly that his colored brethren might be preserved from what he called their "upettin' sin." "Bruder," said one of his friends at the close of the meeting, "You ain't got de hang of da word. It's 'beettin' not 'upettin'!" "Bruder," replied the preacher, "If dat's so, I'd so was a prayin' de Lord to save us from de sin of intoloxation, and if dat ain't a 'upettin' sin, I dunno what am."

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

FEBRUARY 19
JESUS TEACHING BY PARABLES—THE GROWTH OF THE KINGDOM

Golden Text: "The earth shall be full of the knowledge of Jehovah, as the waters cover the sea."—Isaiah 11:9.
Lesson: Mark 4:21-34.
Devotional Reading: Psalm 119:33-40.

Explanations and Comments

Responsibilities Of Disciples, verses 21-25.—"Unto you is given the mystery of the Kingdom of God," Jesus said to the disciples as He began to explain to them the parable of the "mustard seed" (verse 31), and now He goes on to tell them that privilege carries with it responsibility; for their insight into great truth was greater than that of the multitude; theirs was the responsibility of making use of it for the common benefit.

"Is the lamp brought to be put under the bushel, or under the bed, and not to be put on the stand?" The use of a light is to shine, therefore the lamp is not to be hid but it is to be put where it can be seen. Knowledge is not for hoarding—it is to be shared.

"We are back here at a principle which runs right through the New Testament, namely this, that every gift conferred upon us by God is conferred for our use, not for our own enjoyment or enrichment, but for service. The word of the Gospel is not a thing to be hoarded, it is a thing to be shared. We hear it in our hearts, that we may give it to others. We receive it as they may spread it." "Let your light so shine before men," said Jesus, "that they may see your good works."

"Heaven doth us, as we, with lighted torches do.
Not light them for themselves, for if our virtues
Did not go forth from us, 'twere all alike
As though we had them not."

What you get from listening depends on the manner in which you listen. If you are indifferent to what is being said, if you only mind to be so distracted that although you hear the words you do not "sense" them, then you get nothing profitful by your hearing. What you get from any sermon depends upon what you bring to it. If you bring an attentive ear and a receptive heart, then you receive the reward.

The Power Of Growth Inherent In Living Things, The Parable Of The Seed Growing Secretly, verses 26-29.
The seed is the Word of God, we learned in the parable immediately preceding these verses. Now we are told that the seed, mysterious growth of the seed, of its orderly growth, first the blade, then the ear, then the full corn in the ear—and then the fruit-bearing, power of the earth and of the time of full harvest.

No Good Unless Spread

Value Of Gold Lessened When Supply Tied Up

It rested very much in the hands of the present gold standard and creditor countries whether gold was to become so rare in relation to other commodities that its full use as a medium of currency was a luxury that only one or two could enjoy. In France they were beginning to realize that gold was very much like the large cake which the schoolboy mistakenly kept to himself until it "went bad on him."

So we came back to the old proverb, "Money, like milk, is no good unless spread." That was truer of gold than any other form of money, and gold could only justify its extraordinary intrusion into the world's affairs if it aided—and always aided—interchange of goods. The moment we became frightened of that interchange, the value of gold was a devaluation.

British common sense, backed by better experience, ought to take us into the councils of the nations better equipped to solve the problems that confronted us, and meanwhile it behooved everyone to try individually to master the problems.—Sir Josiah Stamp.

Taking a Holiday

He was standing on the corner paying absolutely no attention to anyone. He shook his head and mumbled to himself: "No, no, no, no!" He paid no attention to the crowd that gathered, but just kept saying: "No, no, no!" An officer shook him by the arm and said: "What's the matter, my friend?" "Nothing at all," came the reply. "I'm just a 'yes man' taking a day off."—Railroad Trainman.

Quite Intentional

Insurance man (putting questions to cowboy): "Ever had any accidents?" "No" was the reply. "Never had an accident in your life?" "Nope. A rattler bit me once though." "Well, don't you call that an accident?" "Naw—he bit me on purpose."

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Canada's Wheat Crop

Final Estimate For 1932 Places Yield At 428,514,000 Bushels

The total production of wheat in Canada for the year 1932 was 428,514,000 bushels according to the final official estimate made by the Canadian Government Bureau of Statistics. This yield was from 27,182,100 acres, or an average production of 15.8 bushels per acre. The 1932 crop was 100,000 bushels per acre more than that of 1931, which totalled 321,325,000 bushels from 26,200,928 acres, or 12.3 bushels per acre. Of the whole of last year's wheat crop the three Prairie Provinces—Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta—accounted for 308,400,000 bushels from 26,385,900 acres.

The 1932 total yield of oats for the Dominion was 391,661,000 bushels from 12,548,400 acres, an average yield of 29.8 bushels per acre. Barley returned an aggregate crop of 80,773,000 bushels from 3,767,600 acres, equal to 21.5 bushels per acre. Both the oats and barley crops were larger in 1932 than in 1931, and, as in the case of wheat, the Prairie Provinces were the principal producers of oats and barley.

The aggregate value of all Canadian field crops in 1932 is estimated at \$415,566,800, as compared with \$432,235,400 in 1931. The total area under field crops is estimated at 59,323,500 acres, as compared with 57,974,900 acres in the previous year.

Finds Business Profitable

Winnipeg Ice Company Growing Mushrooms In Unused Space

Introduction of the leekers refrigerator put several large ice plants in Winnipeg into the discard. It remained for the Arctic Ice Company to find a new and ingenious use for the discarded refrigerator. The company has found no 10,000 feet of mushroom beds on its "floors" and is finding this a very profitable business.

The new industry, so far as Winnipeg is concerned in winter, is "velvet," since mushrooms were an imported luxury until this year. When the plant was started, the mushrooms were \$1 a pound. Today they are only 50 cents a pound, consumption has increased 400 per cent, or more, and the company is not worrying about price since it has solved the problem of production. The claim is advanced by the chain stores which sell these mushrooms, that the market is nowhere near its saturation point.

Famine conditions are reported to prevail in Shensi Province of China.

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C. C. F. MOTION SUBJECTED TO MUCH CRITICISM

Ottawa, Ont.—Resolution of J. B. Woodsworth (Labor, Winnipeg North, Centre), for a co-operative commonwealth came under discussion again in the House of Commons.

The conclusion of the resolution was that in the opinion of this House, the government should immediately take measures looking to the setting up of a co-operative commonwealth in which all natural resources and the socially-necessary machinery of production will be used in the interests of the people and not for the benefit of the few.

He did not know what the resolution meant so he proposed "to ask the mover if questions" remarked J. P. Lusk, (Liberal, Temeicaucan), at the close of his speech.

"Put them on the order paper," suggested J. D. Chaplin (Conservative, Lincoln).

H. K. Anderson (Conservative, Halton), voiced his opposition to anything that savoured of Communism, and strongly advocated the "back to the land movement." Congratulating the government on what it had done on this subject, Dr. Anderson urged continued action.

Dr. G. D. Stanley (Conservative, Calgary East), said the Co-operative Commonwealth was a "founding left on the doorstep of Calgary." As a "founding" Calgary had put its "hospitality and kind treatment. However, the moment came recently that Calgary found it necessary by a large majority to notify the "founding left on the doorstep" that the Co-operative Commonwealth Federation was no longer welcome and that "it must transplant itself to other parts."

Several clashes occurred between Dr. Stanley and Mr. Woodsworth, the latter denying several statements attributed to him. Dr. Stanley said that in 1919 Mr. Woodsworth was among the leaders of the One Big Union.

"I deny the truth of that statement," shouted Mr. Woodsworth. "I was not a leader and not even a member."

Dr. Stanley then charged that Mr. Woodsworth had been one of the most outstanding defenders of the One Big Union leaders, and this page of unchallenged.

"We have had these new parties for a long time," remarked Hon. W. R. McArthur (Lib., Melville). For instance, there was the Drury Government in Ontario. What marvelous things were expected of him, when he was taken from the "founding left on the doorstep" and put into the parliament of the biggest province of this Dominion. But to and behold, one of his ministers found himself in the parliament before very long. Is that the new social order that we are to follow? Is that the new day which is to dawn on us?" Mr. McArthur well asked.

In Saskatchewan, he said, "the Farmer-Labor party has done more harm in pulling down co-operation within the last three or four years than the whole gang of them have done in their lifetime in building it up." He spoke of the building up of the wheat pool in that province. "I think it was the most magnificent co-operative structure that I have known anywhere," he said.

Alberta House Meets

Usual Pomp and Ceremony Marks Opening

Edmonton, Alberta.—With a blustering wind blowing the snow over parliament hall and amid the usual pomp and ceremony, Alberta's legislature was opened in statutory form and business-like manner, February 6th.

Hon. W. L. Walsh, Lieutenant-Governor of the Province, was escorted into the legislative chamber by officers of the militia and read what proved to be a brief speech from the throne.

Naming its special committee to report on standing committees, the legislature prepared for this phase of its work before the adjournment Thursday afternoon.

New Tax for British Taxpayers
London, Eng.—British taxpayers are breathing more easily. While Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, would make no promise of reduced taxes, he did not think, he told an inquisitive House of Commons that increased taxation will be necessary this year.

W. N. U. 1961

Deal Reaching Critical Stage

Barter Scheme With Russia Still Being Discussed

Ottawa, Ont.—Negotiations looking to a barter of Canadian cattle for Russian oil and coal are reaching a critical stage, it is believed here. The scheme is proposed by the western syndicate headed by G. G. Serkau of Winnipeg, is still afloat but the near future may determine whether or not the scheme will be dropped.

When the syndicate first approached the government with a plan whereby, to ensure the deal going through, Canada would purchase Russia seven per cent. bonds accepted as interim payment for cattle and at the same time guarantee the syndicate against breach of contract on the part of the Soviet government, it was turned down.

Since the sponsors of the idea have learned they may be able to raise sufficient capital to finance the undertaking without government assistance, they are now putting more into it they want to be sure they will be able to bring the necessary quantity of Russian products into Canada and dispose of them.

Mining Boom

Activity in Mining Stocks Gives Employment To Many Men

Toronto, Ont.—Jobs have been restored to more than 100 former bankrupt mining companies in Toronto as a result of the recent activity in mining stocks. Started several weeks ago, it was not until this week that brokers on a giant money market were able to buy-call for shares for sale. Telephone operators, accountants, stenographers and telegraph operators.

Mining men state the inflow of foreign and Canadian money continues, thousands of field workers will gain employment in exploration work and actual mining.

May Attend Conference

Three British Ministers Provisionally Selected To Go To Washington

London, Eng.—It was understood in Whitehall that a provisional arrangement has been made for Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald and Walter Runciman, president of the League of Nations, to attend the requirements of the April budget—Chancellor of the Exchequer Neville Chamberlain to go to Washington for debt conversations with the incoming United States administration.

If all three are able to go, the three principal elements in the National government would be represented—National Labor, Liberal and Conservative.

Peace Movement

French League Spokesman Makes Appeal To Nations To Lead the Way

Geneva, Switzerland.—Former Premier Joseph K. Boncompagni closed general debate on the French armament plan with an appeal to European countries to create Europe's own peace movement. He said the Locarno treaty was an accompaniment to armistice.

The French spokesman, in discussing the chances of concluding a universal guarantee of security, made an implied appeal to the United States to take the lead in moves to implement the Briand-Kellogg pact.

Not Guilty Of Libel

Toronto, Ont.—Written verdict of the jury found P. D. Ross, publisher of The Ottawa Journal, not guilty of libelling W. T. R. Preston of Port Hope, in the \$20,000 damage suit brought by the latter against the paper. The jury also said, "We find that Mr. Preston has had an honorable public career." The jury deliberated two hours before returning a verdict.

Huge Pyramid Of Butter

Toronto, Ont.—A 9,434-pound pyramid of butter, all from the cream of one cow, was on display during the Holstein Friesian Association's annual meeting held here, February 9.

At a banquet following the meeting, George S. Henry presented a gold watch to the owner of the cow, T. H. Dent, Woodstock.

Would Raise Standards

Ottawa, Ont.—Convinced of the need of a careful survey of the educational situation of the engineers' profession, the annual meeting of the Engineering Institute of Canada convened a special meeting of the council in Montreal to discuss the proposed development committee. The report recommended a drastic raising of the standards.

Ottawa Discusses Wage Cuts

House Takes First Step In \$5,000,000 Payroll Reduction

Ottawa, Ont.—The government has taken the first step to cut \$5,000,000 from the national payroll. Resolutions were introduced, prefacing submission of bills cutting 10 per cent. from non-essential personnel of members and senators and the salaries of civil servants. It is proposed to levy an additional 10 per cent. on non-essential judges. Royal Canadian Mounted Police and army and navy officers.

For three hours the House discussed the resolution in effect. The debate was also tracked to make way for departmental estimates.

Five members rose from opposition benches to oppose the salary slash—J. S. Woodsworth, leader of the Co-operative Commonwealth Federation; E. R. E. Chevier, Ottawa; Dr. J. A. Denis, St. Denis, Montreal; William Duff, Antigonish, Nova Scotia; and J. P. Poulet, Temeicaucan.

Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Minister of Finance, elected the resolution in the House.

BRITISH SET NEW LONG DISTANCE AIR RECORD

Waltham, Bk. South Africa.—Two English officers of the Royal Air Force stepped down, trim and smiling from a giant monoplane here, after travelling 5,349 miles from England without a stop and setting the United Kingdom supremacy.

The brilliant flight of Squadron Leader C. R. Gayford and Flight Lieutenant G. R. Nicholls brought the long-distance non-stop flight record from Great Britain, alongside the altitude and speed records that other crack airmen of the Royal Air Force had won. British became the first nation in history to hold all three major air records.

Fresh-shaven, showing little signs of fatigue, they quietly explained they would have gone further, attempting to reach Cape Town without a stop, if they had had any fuel left.

Cape Town is 6,196 miles from Cranwell aerodrome, England, where the flyers took off.

A perfect landing marked the end of the roaring trip over English countryside, the channel, France and the Mediterranean. The desert, jungle and hills of Africa. The officers had been in the air for 57 hours and 28 minutes.

When they came down, Gayford and Nicholls cheerily greeted the handful of persons who were around, personally attended to their machine, making it to a place of safety, and then went to a hotel where they were soon fast asleep.

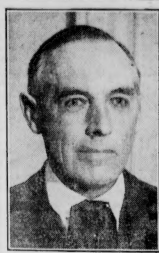
Gayford and Nicholls travelled 328 miles further than the former long-distance holders, Russell Boardman and John Polanco of the United States, who flew from the United States to New York in 1931.

READY TO TAKE THE "ROAD BACK"



With the Nazi forces, of which his son is a prominent member, riding the crest of the wave in Germany, following the appointment of Adolf Hitler as Chancellor, the former Kaiser Wilhelm is reported to be preparing to leave his exile at Doorn, Holland, to return to Germany. Above are two pictures of the ex-emperor. The main photo shows Wilhelm as he is today, leading the life of a country gentleman at his Doorn castle. The picture in the oval shows the former monarch when he was the "All-Highest," Germany's Emperor and war lord.

THE FIRST SEA LORD



Admiral Sir Ernest Chatfield, photographed in the Admiralty on his first day after succeeding Admiral Sir Frederick Field as First British Sea Lord.

Use Canadian Ports

Senate Railway Committee Approves Policy Of Use Of Canadian Route

Ottawa, Ont.—The senate railway committee set the stamp of its approval on the policy of moving Canadian goods for export over Canadian railways to Canadian seaports. More than a mere declaration of principle, the senate committee, by inserting an amendment to the present railway bill, gave a specific direction to the trustees of the Canadian National railways that, unless a shipper indicates otherwise, goods consigned within Canada for carriage by the Canadian National and intended for export must be so exported out of Canadian ports.

The bill, in the opinion of Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, went to the full limit of the demands sought by the delegates from the Maritime provinces who had appeared before the senate committee. Such a course was in line with Canadian policy. It had been included in the agreements under which the transcontinental railway was constructed.

Parties had not the authority to enact such a provision in relation to the Canadian Pacific, but it had the power to do so for the government-owned road, said Senator McPherson.

Prisoners To Face Trial

Kingston, Ont.—Twenty-six prisoners from Portsmouth penitentiary will appear in public court as a result of the rioting of last October. The Canadian Press was informed officially. More than 300 other prisoners, however, will be punished for their share in the disturbances, most of them coming before prison courts and not having to face criminal charges.

Tide Of Progress With Canada

Budbury, Ont.—The tide of progress is with Canada. This country has the things the world wants first to bring it out of its depression," Carl C. Conway, president of Continental Can. Limited, one of a party of United States financiers inspecting Ontario's northern mineral belt, said at the conclusion of the tour.

Toronto Bank Robbery

Two Armed Men Escape With Large Sum Of Money

Toronto, Ont.—Two armed men walked coolly into the Bank of Toronto branch at Queen and King Street here and a few moments later had made their escape with between \$5,000 and \$8,000 in cash.

It was the second bank robbery in the city this week. A few days ago, two robbers of the Royal Bank at Wellesley and Church Streets, one escaping with \$3,200 and a man alleged to be the other being shot in the shoulder after a gun battle on a busy street with a policeman.

Two clerks and the manager were in the east end bank today when the bandits stalked in. All three employees were locked in the vault.

Lower Bank Interest

Cut Based On Cost Shortly According To Officials

Toronto, Ont.—"Interest rates will be cut in the near future," the Toronto Telegram says. "It is bound to be cut by representative heads of banking and trust corporations informed the Telegram. They have their forecast on the firm opinion interest rates on deposits in government savings will be reduced. J. A. McLeod, general manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia and president of the Canadian Bankers' Association, has indicated the banks are waiting for a lead from the government."

Four Aviators Killed

Members Of Royal Air Force Crash During Practice Flight

Salisbury, Eng.—Four men of the Royal Air Force were killed when their bombing plane crashed during a practice flight and burst into flames.

A fifth man, about escaped with burns.

Those killed were: Flying Officer T. P. Pilcher; Sergeant A. R. Allen; Corporal Cyril Smith, and Second Class Airfitterman E. G. Scholl. Leading Airfitterman J. W. B. Hipwell escaped from the crash with only minor burns.

SAYS DIVERSIFIED FARMING WILL ASSIST THE WEST

Regina, Sask.—During the past years farmers of western Canada have realized they must get into diversified farming, states H. O. Powell, general manager of the Dominion Government Credit Company, Limited. Many have taken to livestock, he adds, and changed their crops from wheat to wheat and other grain.

But the activities of the company, Mr. Powell cites the purchase and distribution of 4,852 sheep and 1,285 head of cattle during the past year. The sheep are all purchased in the prairie provinces and dozens of new flocks have been started in districts where sheep were never before. The total cost of the sheep distributed in the prairie provinces is \$31,191 and for cattle, \$31,725.

Suffolk, Oxford, Shropshire and Hampshire sheep are the breeds taken up by the farmers and the cattle are mostly Hereford and Aberdeen Angus animals of the beef type.

Not a single case of failure has been reported to the company during the past year. Mr. Powell believed this record is due to the supervision the company provides through its corps of experts, who are kept busy practically all the time.

Big developments are expected in central Saskatchewan, northeast Saskatchewan and northwest Manitoba, in the Beaver River district, also in the Argentine surplus. The shipment to Shanghai is equivalent to 726,000 bushels.

Ships Wheat To China

Buenos Aires, Argentina.—Twenty-two thousand tons of Argentine wheat have been sent to Shanghai, China, and will be shipped before the end of the month. This follows a recent wheat shipment to Japan, causing grain here to hope that oriental consumption may help dispose of the Argentine surplus. The shipment to Shanghai is equivalent to 726,000 bushels.

Calgary May Issue Scrap

Calgary, Alberta.—A total of \$92,500 worth of scrap will be issued by Calgary if the city council accepts the recommendation of the sub-committee of the special scrap committee. Alderman J. W. Russell, chairman of the committee, said this recommendation would be made shortly to the council.

CAPT. MOLLISON SPANS ATLANTIC IN RECORD TIME

Natal, Brazil.—Captain J. A. Mollison, second son of a flying victory over fatigue, mileage and time when he brought his little single-engine plane down here in time for supper after a 1,750-mile hop across the South Atlantic Ocean which was the last lap of a 4,800-mile journey from England.

The popular British aviator concluded this, his latest great flight, in good health and high spirits.

"She's a sweet little ship," he said with a caressing glance at the "Heart's Content," just after it had finished the trans-Atlantic flight from Thessalon, on the west coast of Africa, in twenty 16 hours. His total elapsed time from Lympne across the ocean, England, which he left Monday morning, was three days and 10 hours.

He was recorded an official welcome and the populace were warm in the welcome for the intrepid British flyer.

Within one year Mollison has crossed the Atlantic twice. The first time it was from Lympne to Canada, in August, and the flight from Africa to Brazil makes his second hop.

Mrs. Mollison, better known as Anne Johnson, flew with her husband for a short distance when he hoped off near London on the first leg. She saw him on his way across the English channel, then returned to London.

The great British aviator landed here three days and 10 hours after taking off from Lympne, England—just within his estimated schedule of three and one-half days.

The flight, done in stages from England to Senegal, on the west coast of Africa, from where Mollison today made the ocean flight, was the latest addition to a wonderful list of flights which Mollison has gridded the far corners of the earth.

Awards For Spring Show

\$3,600 In Cash Prizes For Annual Event In Regina

Regina, Sask.—The sum of \$3,600 will constitute the cash prize list for the forthcoming spring show held under the direction of the Regina Exhibition Association.

Announcement to this effect has been made. The show will be held at the exhibition grounds March 21 to 24 inclusive.

Publication of the prize list will be making shortly.

This year's spring show will be confined to exhibitors resident in Saskatchewan.

Receives New Appointment

Winnipeg Man Now Chief Secretary To Premier Bennett

Ottawa, Ont.—Appointment of H. K. "Hot" Finlayson, of Winnipeg, as chief secretary to the Premier is a public recognition of his services since coming to Ottawa. Finlayson has become the right hand of the leader of the government. He does not function as a private secretary. One could frequent Mr. Bennett's suite of offices indefinitely and never see him. He does not meet the public, but works in a little office tucked out of the way in the East block—20 paces from his chief.

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Unclaimed Bank Balances

Ottawa, Ont.—The report of unclaimed bank balances tabled in the House of Commons by Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Minister of Finance, reveals that there is \$1,860,196.75 of unclaimed money in the banks throughout Canada.

Champion Groceteria

Pearl White Soap, 10 bars for.....	37c
Carnation Milk, 3 for.....	38c
Cauliflower, per head.....	30c
Mexican Ripe Tomatoes, per lb.....	30c
Bananas, per lb.....	15c
California Head Lettuce, 2 for.....	25c
California Celery, per lb.....	15c

Our Vegetables are all in A 1 Condition

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All Work Guaranteed
Come in for Estimates

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JAS. H. LOBBAN

CONTINUOUS SERVICE

The U.G.G. Terminal at Port Arthur has a capacity of 5,500,000 bushels. The U.G.G. terminal at Vancouver has a capacity of 2,800,000 bushels. Through these terminals United Grain Growers continuously carries on the business of getting forward to market the grain produced in western Canada. When winter blocks the lake route the flow of grain continues through Vancouver. This is just one of many reasons enabling this company to give unsurpassed grain handling service to farmers.

Ship Your Grain to

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS Ltd.
Elevator at Champion

PRIVATE HOSPITAL

Mrs. Mary Woodhull wishes to announce that she is now in a position to care for maternity patients and other patients requiring medical care, at her home. Rates \$2 per day including nurse.

Phone 44

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All your insurance premiums carried on a monthly payment basis if you so desire.

PROTECT Yourself And Yours Against Any One Or All of Dreaded Probabilities

Local & General

Miss Sarah Fleming was a Lethbridge visitor Saturday.

Miss Brown of Namaka is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Watts.

Mr. Henry Smith of Hartley is visiting at the home of his mother, Mrs. U. Smith.

A number of people from Champion took in the Dombells in Lethbridge Tuesday.

Baby Carol Goets had the misfortune Friday to get into a can of lye, and suffered severe burns to the lips and tongue.

J. B. Burke of Lethbridge, plant superintendent of the A. G. T. visited the local office Tuesday.

The Ladies' Aid will meet at the home of Mrs. A. W. Jopling on Thursday, February 23rd.

Mrs. N. J. McKinnon of Barons is a guest at the home of Mrs. F. Watts.

Glen Goodnight was operated on in the Vulcan hospital for appendicitis on Tuesday, February 14. His condition is favorable.

The Valentine Tea held on Saturday in the United Church was fairly well attended considering the blustery weather. The proceeds from the tea were \$11.75.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Ohlbeiser entertained at a dinner bridge on Wednesday evening when their guests included: Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Farmer, Mr. and Mrs. A. Baeb, Mr. and Mrs. S. Fath, Mr. and Mrs. J. Ohlbeiser and Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Weiss.

Martin Gottenberg was host to a very enjoyable party on Saturday evening, when he entertained the High School students. Dancing and cards were the feature of the evening. At mid-night a delicious luncheon was served.

Reid Hill Downed in Rough Game

In one of the roughest games in Champion this year the Champion Juniors downed the Reid Hill team on Saturday to score 8-2. At the close of the game several players bore marks and wounds received in the match.

The first period was productive of real fast hockey, second period slow, while the last period was rough and fast. Summary of goals scored—D. Latiff 3, Don Campbell 2, Philip Buson 1, Alex Latiff 1, B. McCullough 1, Reid Hill—R. Walker 1, McLeod 1, Referees, Watts and Farries.

Champion Retains McCaughton Cup

The two Champion rinks holding the McCaughton cup successfully defended it on Wednesday night against two rinks from Vulcan.

Rev. Dawson defeated a strong line up of Vulcan curlers skipped by Rev. John Branton, 10-14, while J. S. Collins lost to Alex Clark, by one point, after gaining a substantial lead, 13-12.

NOTICE

The ex students of Champion high school—yours are cordially invited to attend a skating party at the Champion rink on Saturday Feb. 18 at 8 p.m. If you have attended high school here within the last thirty years, don't miss this party.

R. McCULLOUGH, Editor

Many Money Saving Items This Week

Golden Loaf Cheese In \$1.00 boxes, per box... 59c	Strawberry and Apple Jam 4 lb. Pails, each..... 39c
Almond Milk Toilet Soap 3 Bars for..... 10c	Cocoamalt 16 oz. tins, each..... 55c
Red Rose Tea, Green Label Per lb. Carton..... 39c	Santos Coffee In fresh ground or bean, 3 lbs. for..... 85c

De Lux Jelly Powders, 6 for 25c

Swansdown Cake Flour Per Packet..... 39c	Heinz Ketchup Large 14 oz. bottle, each 25c
Aunt Jemima Pancake Flour Per Packet..... 17c	Spaghetti 5 lb. Cartons, each..... 26c
Sunkist Oranges, medium size 2 dozen for..... 45c	Raymond Sugar 10 lb. Sack with order... 59c

We Pay Higher Prices for Farm Produce

McCullough Bros.

The McCaughton cup changed hands again on Thursday night, when two rinks from Champion, skipped by Rev. Dawson and J. S. Collins defeated Carmanway rinks 28-26 total points scored. Champion rinks: Rev. Dawson (-kip), J. Taylor, Neil McLeod and C. Desson; J. S. Collins (skip), B. Hammel, P. Gatenby and A. Baker.

Champion Curlers visited Vulcan on Monday night in an attempt to lift the Home Grain Cup. Two very interesting games were played which resulted in a win for Vulcan by 3 points. McLean, Champion 9; Buchart, Vulcan 9. Jopling, Champion 9; Clark, Vulcan 12.

Various reports have reached the Chronicle regarding the temperatures registered on thermometers during the cold snap, but the best to date is one in which the weather man was assisted by a piece of ice.

Wanted
Veterinary work—Fix Horses Teeth—Apply, A. B. Beingsesser, Vulcan.

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Champion, - Alberta

In Memorium

In memory of our dear husband and father, Thomas Gill, who passed away Feb. 13th, 1924.

He lives with us in memory still. Forget him not, we never will. Ever remembered by his loving wife and family.

Card of Thanks

Mr. and Mrs. Pete Holm and family wish to thank their many neighbors and friends for the kindnesses rendered during the illness of the former.

Several children are in quarantine this week due to an attack of the measles. In some cases the attack is quite mild, while in others pneumonia has been contracted making the patients quite ill.

W. Diemert, accompanied by his mother motored to Calgary Monday to be with Mr. Diemert who was operated on in the Holy Cross hospital.

Dr. and Mrs. Frenze were Calgary visitors Monday.

Attention O. O. R. P.

The next regular meeting of the O. O. R. P. will be held in the Community Hall on Tuesday evening, Mar. 7. A good attendance would be appreciated.

MAUD FREEZE, Secretary

FOR \$1.40 will ship you 10 lbs. choice leaf tobacco, mild or strong, - \$50 lbs. for \$80. Agents wanted. Dubois, 15 Henderson, Ottawa.

Town Elks Wins Broomball Game

(Contributed)

The country Elks braved the cold weather and had roads on Tuesday night to meet the town Elks in a friendly game of Broomball.

The game started off by the Exalted Ruler, Farries, taking the ball down the centre ice without opposition, as the hay seed captain had not been chosen and the rest of the old boys did not know what it was all about, they seemed to think that a broom was something to pull tooth picks or pipe cleaners out of.

Goal keeper Ulrich did well at keeping the sphere out of the farmer goal, while McLeod done better, keeping the farmers down to one goal and that was only made through the cooperations of both teams who combined and forced Moffatt, back and all through the goal, much to the delight of the fans, who by the way turned out in good shape.

The final score showed the gray haired farmers up in a bad light being five to one in favor of the town shrikes.

The next contest between the hay seeds and the shrikes is to be a brook busting affair, the hay seeds furnishing the Brooks, and by the way farmers, you will find a place to hitch your horses in front of Campbell's store, as it is rumored that he is putting up a hitching rail, but please don't tie kicking horses there.

Town players—Moffatt, Clever, Campbell, Farries, Maxwell, Dier. Country players—Ulrich, Dave Good, Huggies, Higgins, Rhodes, Anderson.